IMPLEMENTATION OF CPR REQUIREMENTS DELAYED FOR ONE YEAR

The Division of Licensing met on January 22, 1981 and voted to delay the implementation of the cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) relicensure requirements until January 1, 1982. This one year moratorium was granted in response to a proposal which was submitted by the California Society of Anesthesiologists.

Initially, the regulations adopted by the Division required that as a condition of relicensure, all physicians possess a current and valid CPR certificate from the American Red Cross or the American Heart Association. Some sectors of the medical community suggested that in addition to the ARC and AHA programs, the Division accept flexible programs which meet the needs of the medical community and which are specifically designed for physicians. The California Society of Anesthesiologists' proposal appears to meet this need by functioning as a statewide accrediting body for approving physician-oriented CPR programs.

In order to permit CSA time to implement the proposed program, the Division has agreed to delay the implementation of the CPR relicensure requirement one year. As a practical matter, this means that all physicians who renew their licenses prior to January 1, 1982 need not be concerned with the inquiry on the reverse side of the renewal card which requires the licensee to certify that he/she possesses a current and valid CPR card issued by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross.

The self-certification statement will apply only to whether or not the licensees have completed and can document completion of an average of 25 hours of approved continuing medical education for the past four years. Commencing January 1, 1982, the self-certification statement will relate to not only the 25 hours of approved CME but also to possession of a current and valid CPR card from either the American Red Cross or the American Heart Association. By that time, the approval mechanism for flexible programs through the CSA should be operational.

Future Action Reports will detail progress in development of those programs. For information concerning CSA's proposal and how individual hospital programs might be accredited by CSA, contact Richard Manley, California Society of Anesthesiologists at (415) 348-1407.

CONTINUING MEDICAL EDUCATION REPORTING AT NO ADDITIONAL COST

Physicians are reminded that continuing medical education reporting requirements may be satisfied at no additional cost by simply retaining CME records for four years and certifying by signature on the license renewal application.

Despite articles in the BMQA Action Report and the Division of Licensing CME brochure which was disseminated to all licensees, many physicians are under the erroneous impression that they are required to report their hours to California Medical Association (C.M.A.). This notion was recently reinforced by notices from C.M.A. encouraging non-members to submit their hours to them.

To avoid payment of $20 per year to C.M.A., non-member physicians are encouraged to consider the option of retaining CME records for four years and to produce them in the event of an audit by the Board. This option continues the present requirement that all physicians certify by signature on the license renewal application that they have met CME reporting requirements.

Questions regarding the CME program may be directed to Ms. Patricia Griffin, Board of Medical Quality Assurance, 1430 Howe Avenue, Sacramento, CA 95825, (916) 920-6353.

SUPPLEMENTAL LICENSING EXAMINATION

In recent years, the California State Legislature determined that physicians in this State were not adequately trained in certain subject areas. As a result, legislation was passed requiring the addition of such areas as human sexuality, nutrition, geriatric medicine and child abuse detection and treatment to the list of required subject areas.

After considerable study, the Board decided the most appropriate method to ensure adequate instruction in these new subjects was to examine the applicants in the subjects. Therefore, attempts were made to have these new topics incorporated into existing examinations. In 1978 and again in 1980, the Board attempted to obtain the support of the Federation of State Medical Boards to revise their examination (FLEX) to include these additional subject areas. These efforts proved unsuccessful. Consequently, in early 1980, the Board decided to proceed with the development of a supplemental licensing examination.
Additionally, the Board decided that it would be appropriate to examine in other areas of importance including medical jurisprudence, medical ethics, alcoholism and drug abuse and medical economics.

In late 1980, a contract was awarded for development of CLEX to CTB/McGraw Hill. The contract specifies that the examination is to be developed and field tested by mid-1981 with the first formal administration in January, 1982.

CLEX will be required of all applicants for physician licensure. National Board diplomats will typically take the examination during or after their first year of postgraduate training. Foreign medical graduates would take the CLEX in conjunction with the FLEX. Since the examination will be given approximately six times each year, all applicants will have ample opportunity to be examined.

The CLEX will cover all of the subjects identified previously but is not expected to be a difficult examination since all applicants will be provided a bibliography identifying specific sources prior to the examination. The examination itself will be on a pass/fail basis. It will not be necessary to achieve a passing score for each of the topics as only a total passing score for the entire exam will be necessary. The examination will require approximately four hours.

Applicants who are unsuccessful in passing the examination may retake repeat examinations without limit. However, each examination will require a fee of approximately $50.00.

CTB/McGraw Hill has employed medical experts in each of the eight subject areas who are involved in the job analysis phase. These individuals have responsibility for developing content outlines and identifying key sources upon which the content outlines are based. In addition, there are eight Approval Committees composed of five to eight specialists in the subject areas identified previously. The Approval Committees' function is to review all of the items developed by the contractor.

The items which have been accepted by the Approval Committees will be utilized for a field test administration to approximately 1,000 examinees in June, 1981. The examinees will be volunteers who are applicants for FLEX and students enrolled in California medical schools.

The contractor's progress has been satisfactory and coordination between the contractor and the Board has been assured by a committee of the Division of Licensing working closely with the project director of CTB/McGraw Hill.

Questions regarding this examination should be directed to Richard DeWalt, (916) 920-6153.

PHYSICIANS CAUGHT IN A SQUEEZE

Charges of long-term care facilities using physicians for retaliation against complaining patients were recently brought to the attention of the Board by the Licensing staff of the Department of Health Services.

In one case a staff physician at an acute hospital reported that there was no medical necessity for the transfer of two patients from a skilled nursing facility. The two patients had complained to the nursing facility about the facility's poor services. On the following day, the complaining patients were transferred by their attending physicians to the acute facility.

In this instance, it was not finally determined whether the attending physicians were acting on their own professional judgment in the transfer of their patients to the hospital, or whether they were acquiescing to the wishes of the nursing facility to be rid of their troublesome patients.

The skilled nursing facility itself is prohibited from expelling patients or from any other discriminatory treatment. In fact, any such action within 120 days of the filing of a complaint, according to Section 1432 of the Health and Safety Code, "... shall raise a rebuttable presumption that such action was taken by the (facility) in retaliation for the filing of the complaint."

It is the concern of State Licensing authorities that this strong sanction against retaliation activity by skilled nursing facilities may occasionally result in facilities pressing physicians to transfer complaining patients out of the facility.

It is the policy of the Licensing Division of the Department of Health Services to refer to the Board for investigation any cases where such inappropriate medical practices are evident.

DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

**October 1, 1980—December 31, 1980**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>City</th>
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Corbin, John A., M.D. (C-23418)-Duarte

Cone, Robert, M.D. (A-28494)-Hallandale, Florida

Kurland, Morton J., M.D. (G-6616)-Rancho Mirage

Lysek, Edward T., M.D. (C-12169)-Redding

Martinez, Anthony, M.D. (A-52529)-Santa Monica

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Field, RI

Delaney, Lawrence J., M.D. (G-26716)-N. Smith-County, Inc., including 90 days actual suspension.

79 year old patient, resulting in death. Court of conditions.

November 20, 1980

Kurland, Morton J., M.D. (G-6616)-Rancho Mirage

Lysek, Edward T., M.D. (C-12169)-Redding

Martinez, Anthony, M.D. (A-52529)-Santa Monica

79 year old patient, resulting in death. Court of conditions.

November 24, 1980

Martinez, Anthony, M.D. (A-52529)-Santa Monica

Michigan license revoked by that state for prescribing drugs for other than legal and therapeutic purposes. Criminal conviction in Michigan for unlawful delivery of a controlled substance.

Revoked, stayed, 3 years probation on terms and conditions. November 14, 1980

Hamer, Richard D., M.D. (C-30672)-Charlotte, North Carolina

2399.5, 2391.5 B&P Code

Stipulated Decision. Prescribed controlled drugs without prior examination and medical indication to persons not under his care for any pathology or condition.

Revoked, stayed, 3 years probation on terms and conditions. December 19, 1980

Hassan, Allen C., M.D. (C-29816)-Carmichael

2391.5 B&P Code

Violated statutes regulating the manner that Schedule II prescriptions for narcotic drugs may be issued. Board's decision recently upheld by Court of appeal. Supreme Court denied hearing on 11-81.

120 day suspension, stayed. 5 years probation on terms and conditions. February 14, 1980

Khoury, Elias, M.D. (A-20301)-Simi

2361(b) B&P Code

Gross negligence: Unindicated surgery in removing asymptomatic gallbladder from a weak 79 year old patient, resulting in death. Court of Appeal upheld Board's decision, making decision final now.

Revoked, stayed, 5 years probation on terms and conditions, including 90 days actual suspension. November 20, 1980

Kovats, Arnold Stanley, M.D. (G-13364)-Sherman Oaks

490, 2381 B&P Code

Felony conviction for voluntary manslaughter of his wife. Sentenced prison term

Revoked, stayed. 5 years probation on terms and conditions. November 20, 1980

Kurtland, Morton J., M.D. (G-6616)-Rancho Mirage

Conviction for soliciting a person to burglarize the office of another physician to retrieve disputed patient files.

One year suspension, stayed. 3 years probation on terms and conditions. December 17, 1980

Lysek, Edward T., M.D. (C-12169)-Redding

Conviction for soliciting a person to burglarize the office of another physician to retrieve disputed patient files.

One year suspension, stayed. 3 years probation on terms and conditions. December 17, 1980

Martinez, Anthony, M.D. (A-52529)-Santa Monica

Michigan license revoked by that state for prescribing drugs for other than legal and therapeutic purposes. Criminal conviction in Michigan for unlawful delivery of a controlled substance.

Revoked, stayed, 3 years probation including 60 days actual suspension and other terms and conditions. November 24, 1980

Meiro, Yezid, M.D. (A-25598)-San Bernardino

2361, 2399 B&P Code

Revoked, stayed, 7 years probation on terms and conditions. December 20, 1980

Meine, Peter L., M.D. (A-22289)-North Hollywood

2399, 2391.5 B&P Code

Stipulated Decision. Conviction for prescribing controlled drugs to persons not under his care for any pathology or condition.

Revoked, stayed, 5 years probation on terms and conditions. December 22, 1980

Michalski, William E., M.D. (C-21248)-Sacramento

2386, 2361, 2372 B&P Code

Revoked, stayed, 3 years probation including actual suspension for 6 months and other terms and conditions. December 22, 1980

Newhouse, George W., M.D. (A-26984)-La Costa

Stipulated Decision. Voluntary surrender of license.

Accusation dismissed. December 16, 1980

Ota, Kay K., M.D. (C-28245)-Colton

2399.5, 700, 2391.5 B&P Code

Stipulated Decision. Conviction for prescribing controlled drugs excessively without a prior examination and medical indication to persons not under his care for any pathology or condition.

Revoked, stayed, 5 years probation including 90 days actual suspension and other terms and conditions. November 24, 1980

Privitera, James R., M.D. (C-30645)-Covina

2378.5, 490, 2383, 2361(c) B&P Code: 1707.1 H &S Code

Stipulated Decision. Conviction for conspiracy with others to commit the crime of the unlawful sale of Lactrel for cancer cure. Unlawfully prescribed and administered Lactrel and other unsanctioned remedies to patients to treat cancer.

Revoked, stayed, 10 years probation including actual suspension for 4 months and other terms and conditions. October 26, 1980

Spottswood, Maurice D. M.D. (G-1235)-Napa

2399.5, 2391.5 B&P Code: 11154 H &S Code

Prescribed controlled drugs without prior examination and medical indication to persons not under his care for any pathology or condition.

Revoked, stayed, 10 years probation on terms and conditions. November 24, 1980

Stevens, Horace C., M.D. (C-24672)-Riverside

2361.5, 2386, 2391.5, 2399.5 B&P Code

Federal conviction for aiding and abetting in the possession of Dilaudid, resulting in a suspended sentence. Prescribed Dilaudid excessively and without adequate medical indication.

Revoked, stayed, 5 years probation on terms and conditions. October 23, 1980

Tonkens, Ross M., M.D. (G-29946)-Los Angeles

480, 2384 B&P Code

Conviction for prescribing controlled drugs to a person not under his care for any pathology or condition.

Revoked, stayed, 5 years probation on terms and conditions. November 24, 1980

Vinocur, Charles David (G-50303)-Sausalito

2142.10, 2141, 2361, 2372 B&P Code

Stipulated Decision. Fraudulent procurement of medical license by impersonating and using his cousin's medical school records and diploma.

Conviction for false representation as a physician.

Revoked. December 4, 1980

Voelker, Robert L., M.D. (A-14799)-Martinez

2399.5, 2391.5 B&P Code: 11154 H &S Code

Prescribed controlled drugs without prior examination and medical indication to persons not under his care for any pathology or condition.

Revoked, stayed, 3 years probation on terms and conditions. November 24, 1980

Weber, William N., M.D. (G-12532)-Modesto

2331(b), (d) B&P Code

Gross negligence and incompetence in injecting an excessive amount of radiopaque material in a 7 year old patient who died. With another patient, failed to note perforation of the rectum and extravasation of radiopaque material.

Revoked, stayed, 3 years probation including actual suspension for 6 months and other terms and conditions. December 22, 1980

Whitman, Stanley H., M.D. (A-28309)-Los Angeles

2383, 490 B&P Code

Conviction for prescribing controlled drugs to a person not under his care for any pathology or condition.

Revoked, stayed, 5 years probation on terms and conditions. October 24, 1980

Yu, James K., M.D. (A-14544)-Yakima, Washington

2363 B&P Code

Stipulated Decision. Disciplinary action by the State of Washington constituted grounds for discipline in California.

Revoked, stayed, 4 years probation on terms and conditions. November 17, 1980

Zinky, Robert M., M.D. (C-17454)-Sacramento

2361(c) B&P Code

Stipulated Decision. At least one occasion, reported test resulted in dilaudid physical examinations for bus drivers to the Department of Motor Vehicles when in fact such tests had not been performed.

90 days suspension, stayed. 3 years probation on terms and conditions. December 26, 1980

82035-656 2:41-82 CS OSP
EARLY CLUES OF IMPAIRMENT

The following table on signs and symptoms that enable the practicing physician and his family to recognize physician impairment is reproduced with the permission of the Maryland State Journal 29(10): 39, 1980. The table of early clues of impairment will assist colleagues and family members of physicians so that there may be early intervention in order to hasten recovery.

PERSONAL STATUS

- Poor hygiene and appearance
- Multiple physical complaints and illnesses
- Frequent absences
- Frequent accidents
- Personality and behavior changes
- Inappropriate tremulousness or sweating

OFFICE

- Workaholic
- Disorganized schedule
- Unreasonable behavior
- Inaccessible to patients and staff
- Excessive drug-use prescriptions and supply
- Late calls
- Frequent office absences
- Decreased workload and tolerance

EMPLOYMENT APPLICATIONS

- Frequent job changes or relocations
- Unusual medical history
- Vague letters of reference
- Inappropriate qualifications


HOSPITAL

- Often late, absent or ill
- Decreased work/chart performance
- Inappropriate orders
- "Hospital Gossip"
- Unavailability
- Heavy drinking at staff functions

HOME AND FAMILY

- Behavior excused by family and friends
- Drinking activities come first
- Fights, arguments and violent outbursts
- Sexual problems
- Withdrawal and fragmentation of family
- Financial crisis
- Children neglected, abused or in trouble
- Separation or divorce

FRIENDS AND COMMUNITY

- Personal isolation
- Embarrassing behavior
- Drunk driving arrests
- Legal problems
- Neglected commitments

Update on the Professional Performance Pilot Project

During the past year, the Division of Medical Quality has been involved in implementing the Professional Performance Pilot Project. The first Interim Report to the Governor and the Legislature was submitted on January 1, 1981. The Report discusses the Pilot Project’s objective of encouraging development of voluntary, coordinated systems for identifying and resolving medical practice problems at the local level, as well as the experience of the Pilot Project staff and Technical Advisory Committee in working with participating quality assessment groups.

Three areas were initially designated by the Division as Pilot Project sites: San Francisco County, Santa Clara County and the 14 Northern California counties. In each area the local Medical Quality Review Committee and one or more county medical societies played a leadership role in setting up joint Steering Committees for local planning and coordination.

The first year’s priorities included orientation of and negotiation with potential participants (such as hospital medical staffs and third party payors); establishing local guidelines and review protocols; and identification of barriers and incentives to voluntary participation.

During 1981, the initially designated areas will proceed with case review and development of local data bases. The Division also will consider designating additional areas.

If you would like to receive a copy of the Interim Report, please call or write Director Janet Amundsen at BMQA Headquarters: (916) 924-2391, 1430 Howe Avenue, Sacramento 95825.