Protecting Advocating Serving

The FSMB: At Your Service

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Medical Board of California July 31, 2015



Topics today

- Background who we are
- Services and Educational Offerings
- Advocacy Update
 - Policy Initiatives 2015
 - Team-based Regulation/ Scope of Practice
 - License Portability / Interstate Medical Licensure Compact
 - Opioid Prescribing



Background - who we are



Greetings from the FSMB Board of Directors





FSMB Offices in Euless, TX and Washington DC





- FSMB established in 1912
- Non-profit 501c6 organization with approximately 185+staff



FSMB Vision and Mission 2015-2020

Vision

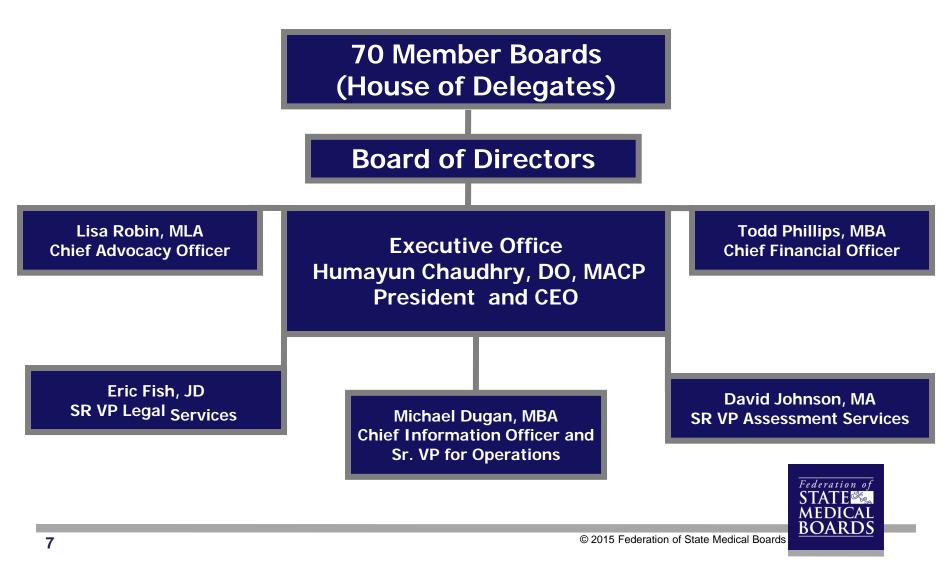
The FSMB is an innovative leader, helping state medical boards shape the future of medical regulation by protecting the public and promoting quality health care.

Mission

The FSMB serves as the voice for state medical boards, supporting them through education, assessment, research and advocacy while providing services and initiatives that promote patient safety, quality health care and regulatory best practices.



FSMB Organizational Chart



New Five-Year Strategic Plan

- Approved by the 2015 House of Delegates as presented in the Report of the Special Committee on Strategic Positioning
- Committee was made up of highly qualified and visionary individuals who contributed their time and expertise to review the continued relevance of the 2010-2015 Strategic Plan and help us map out the future direction of the FSMB
- Members included representatives from the FSMB BOD,
 Member Boards, AIM, AMA, AOA, NBME and NCCPA



2015-2020 Strategic Goals

Data and Research Services:

Expand the FSMB's data-sharing and research capabilities while providing valuable information to state medical boards, the public and other stakeholders.

Organizational Strength and Excellence:

Enhance the FSMB's organizational vitality and adaptability in an environment of change and strengthen its financial resources in support of its mission.

State Medical Board Support:

Education:

Provide educational tools

and resources that enhance the quality of medical regulation and raise public awareness of the vital role of state medical boards.

Serve state medical boards by promoting best practices and providing policies, advocacy, and other resources that add to their effectiveness.

Advocacy and Policy Leadership:

Strengthen the viability of state-based medical regulation in a changing, globally-connected health care environment.

Collaboration:

Strengthen participation and engagement among state medical boards and expand collaborative relationships with national and international organizations.



Federation of STATE

2014 Physician Census

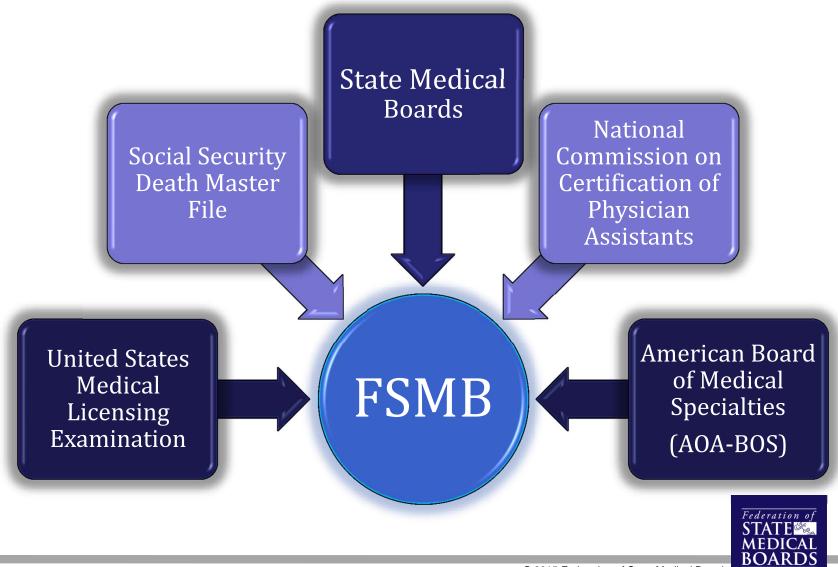
- There are roughly 916,264 physicians with an active state medical license
 - This is a net increase of 38,070 (4%) from 2012
- A net of 12,168 physicians were added to the nation's physician roster each year
- Average age is now older and predominantly male, but increasingly female at entry level
- IMGs numbers, particularly from the Caribbean are growing at a rapid rate



Services and Educational Offerings



FSMB Information Sources

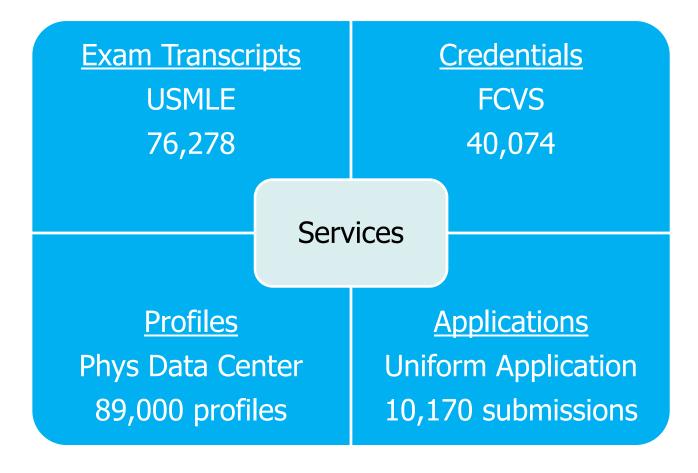


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2014 Service Volumes



994 roster files - 32.5 million records



DocInfo







FSMB Educational Offerings

- Annual Meeting
 - April 28-30, 2016 in San Diego
- Annual Educational Series
- Board Attorney Workshops
 - (Fall and Spring)
- New Executives Orientation
- Monthly Roundtable
- On-line CME Programs







Communications via Multiple Channels for Multiple Audiences

FSMB Annual Report

Journal of Medical Regulation

- Newsline
- FSMB eNews
- Website <u>www.fsmb.org</u>
- Advocacy Newsletter
- Twitter @TheFSMB







Advocacy Update

- Policy Initiatives 2015
- Team-based Regulation/ Scope of Practice
- License Portability / Interstate Medical Licensure Compact
- Opioid Prescribing



Policy Initiatives 2015

- Ethics and Professionalism Committee Addressing physician burnout
- Workgroup on Telemedicine Consultation Development of a common definition of physician-to-physician consultations, and how telemedicine technologies/devices can be used in that context
- Workgroup on Marijuana and Medical Regulation Develop model policy guidelines regarding the use of medical marijuana in patient care, including conditions, diseases, or indications for which medical marijuana may be recommended; and develop a position statement or white paper regarding the regulation of licensees who use marijuana recreationally
- Workgroup on Team-Based Regulation Identify best state-based practices and recommend regulatory strategies for achieving greater cooperation and collaboration among health professional boards in carrying out their shared responsibility to protect the public



Scope of Practice/Team-based Regulation

- 2005: FSMB released the policy "Assessing Scope of Practice in Health Care Delivery: Critical Questions in Assuring Public Access and Safety"
 - Collaboration is an effective means for providing safe and competent health care
 - Recognize that scopes of practice often overlap
 - Raises questions about the traditional structure of health care regulation
 - Promotes enhanced cooperation and communication among state health regulatory boards



FSMB Workgroup on Team-based Regulation

- The FSMB established a Workgroup on Team-based Regulation
- Tasked with identifying best state-based practices and recommend regulatory strategies for achieving greater cooperation and collaboration among health professional boards in carrying out their shared responsibility to protect the public
- The Workgroup will issue a report of its findings and recommendations to the FSMB Board of Directors



FSMB Recommendations

States should:

- Reduce barriers to cooperation and communication among health regulatory boards
- Implement a system for joint review of complaints involving multiple practitioners
- Share complaint information among relevant health regulatory boards



Join members of FSMB, NABP and NCSNB

2015 Tri-Regulator Symposium:

Team-based Care – Collaborative Regulation

Oct. 6-7, 2015

The Ritz-Carlton, Pentagon City Arlington, VA



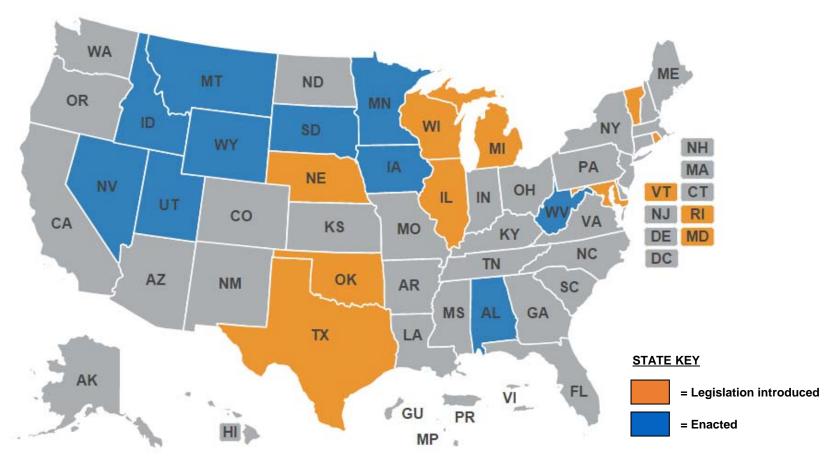
FSMB House of Delegates Vote in 2013 to Aggressively Study Interstate Compact





Interstate Medical Licensure Compact

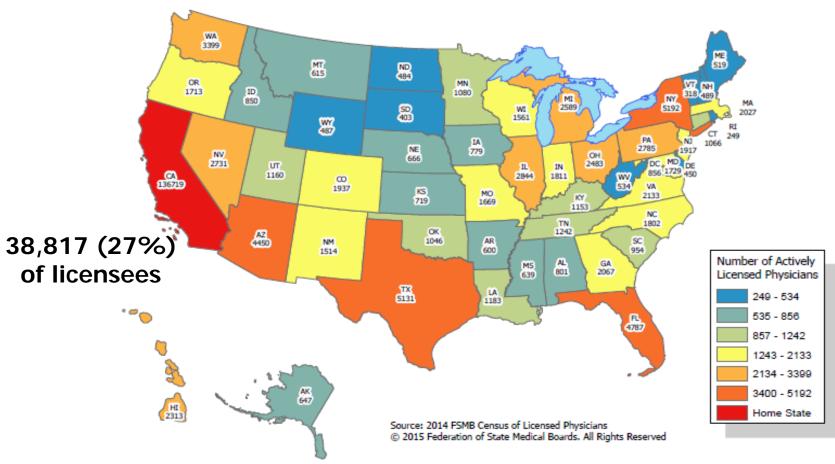
Adoptions and Introductions (July, 2015)



www.licenseportability.org



Medical Board of California Actively Licensed Physicians with Licenses in Other States





Journal of the American Medical Association

New England Journal of Medicine



Improving Access and Mobility — The Interstate Medical Licensure Compact

Humayun J. Chaudhry, D.O., Lisa A. Robin, M.L.A., Eric M. Fish, J.D., Donald H. Polk, D.O., and J. Daniel Gifford, M.D.

> Interstate compacts — negotiated agreements among participating states that have the legal status of both contract and statutory law — allow vides a central repository for future states to address issues of mutual regulatory or

> ing of the United States to resolve opted it as state law. rights, among other matters. Now, practice across state lines is not a who want to be licensed in more

ernment's authority or reordering legislation to enact it is now the Federation of State Medical of the federal structure of gov- pending in 11 states; Wyoming, Boards (FSMB) created a uniform ernment.1 Such compacts have South Dakota, Idaho, Utah, and licensure application (with statebeen used widely since the found- West Virginia have already ad- specific addenda) that is now used

using this service, which verifies primary-source documents such as medical school degrees and prouse of these documents in applications for licensure, hospital adadministrative interest without state boards have since voted to mitting privileges or participation modification of the federal gov- support the model language, and in health plans. And in 2004, we at by 24 states. Both services, though



Ensuring Competency and Professionalism Through State Medical Licensing

Humavun J. Chaudhrv.

Medical Boards, Euless,

United States is to protect the public and ensure that only cal Practice Act, both physicians and the organizations persons who are qualified and fit to practice medicine do that represent them (eg, the American Medical Associaso. State boards generally view the practice of medicine tion and the American Osteopathic Association) testify as a privilege and not a natural right. In some respects, in favor or against the proposals. State legislators also state boards serve as the ultimate gatekeeper for physi- may propose laws that modify licensure or disciplinary cians by issuing medical licenses and authorizing disci-regulations; however, such proposals also encourage enplinary actions when professional misconduct occurs. In gagement before adoption. Licensing and disciplinary 2014, a total of 4043 physicians received disciplinary decisions of state boards are subject to due process pro-Arthur S. Hengerer, MD actions (eg. licensure limitation, suspension, or revocatections for physician respondents that also ensure their tion), representing less than half of 1% of the 916 264 ac- engagement in individual matters. Medical Boards, Euless, tively licensed physicians in the United States.¹

State medical boards, which also regulate physi- Public Participation cian assistants and sometimes other health profession- State medical boards were once described as entities als, were among the first entities to gain statutory rec- whereby "physicians looked out for other physicians," but ognition and jurisdiction over the practice of medicine that perception began to change in 1961 when the Mediin the United States. The legal rights of the states were cal Board of California became the first in the nation to broadly vested in the Tenth Amendment to the Constitution, ratified under the Bill of Rights in 1791, and specifically articulated in the Medical Practice Acts that gov-boards without public members, the public is invited to ern medical licensure and discipline in every state. The attend meetings and, as with physicians and other orearliest actions of state boards focused on preventing ganizations, their testimony and input are welcomed. so-called quacks and charlatans from practicing medi-

ranted. Fligibility requirements for medical school matricu $lation, for instance, shifted from a high school diplomato \\ meetings through electronic or print new sletters and on$ a baccalaureate degree in the early 1900s. The assessment line on websites. This enables interested physicians, the of a physician's professional competency by state medical board examiners switched from a written essay examicisions, policies, and regulations and anticipated changes nation unique to every state to multiple-choice questions to them. beginning in the 1950s, and then to computer-based testing and clinical skills tests with standardized natients Transparency gradual, whereas others were precipitated during the practice profiles of its licensed physicians available on

The primary mission of state medical boards in the When state boards contemplate changes to their Medi-

State boards evolved as circumstances and times war- Most state medical boards communicate their deci-

during the last 2 decades. Some of these advances were In 2011, Illinois became the last state in the union to make



NEJM and **JAMA** Article Impacts

- Percentile among all NEJM articles: 46th
- Percentile among all JAMA articles: 96th
 - USA, Canada, Japan, Russia, Colombia, Brazil, Argentina, Australia, Indonesia, Iran, China, India, Pakistan, Mexico, Germany, Norway, Israel, Turkey, Portugal, France, Portugal, Italy, Spain, South Africa, New Zealand, Poland, Egypt, Ukraine, Bosnia, South Korea, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Romania, Chile, Bangladesh, Greece, Iraq, Syria, Sweden, Finland, Ecuador, Bolivia, Kyrgyzstan, Oman



Resolution to Revise the FSMB Model Policy on the Use of Opioid Analgesics in the Treatment of Chronic Pain Adopted by HOD

- In April 2015, the House of Delegates voted to establish a workgroup revise the FSMB's model policy
 - Workgroup of state medical and osteopathic boards and other key stake holders
 - AMA, AOA, specialty societies/state medical associations
 - Review the current science
 - Revise the Model Policy on the Use of Opioid Analgesics in the Treatment of Chronic Pain
 - Submitted by the Washington Medical Quality Assurance Commission



Safe Prescribing CME

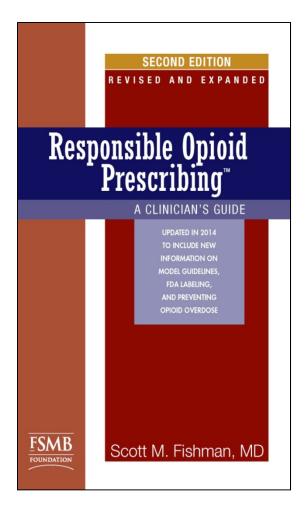
Title: Extended-Release and Long-Acting Opioids: Assessing Risks, Safe Prescribing

- Launched April 1, 2014
- Consists of six (6) free, online modules; each module no longer than 30 minutes
- Accredited for 3.0 AMA PRA Category 1 Credit[™] and 3.0 AOA
 Category 2B Credit

www.fsmb.org/safeprescribing



FSMB Foundation



Responsible Opioid Prescribing: Expanded 2nd Edition Revised

Responsible Opioid Prescribing: A Clinician's Guide, by pain expert Scott M. Fishman, MD

- Updated in October 2014 to include new information on Model Guidelines, FDA labeling, and Preventing Opioid Overdose
- Offers corresponding CME credit in 3 online modules (7.25 AMA PRA Category 1 Credit™) available at http://www.fsmb.org/books
- More than 180,000 copies have been distributed/purchased



We want you!

- Elected Positions for Board of Directors and Nominating Committee
 - For more information, see "Become a Leader" and
 "Leadership FAQ" at http://www.fsmb.org/about-fsmb
- Appointments to Other Committees/Workgroups
 - For more information, see "FSMB Committees" at http://www.fsmb.org/about-fsmb
- USMLE Contact David Johnson, <u>djohnson@fsmb.org</u>
 - Item Writing and Test Development
 - Standard Setting
 - Governance Committees
 - Quality Assurance Program
 - Special Committees and Projects



Protecting Advocating Serving

Thank you!



