A Risk Analysis:

A presentation of potential auditable risks identified in the Medical Board's Central Complaint Unit.

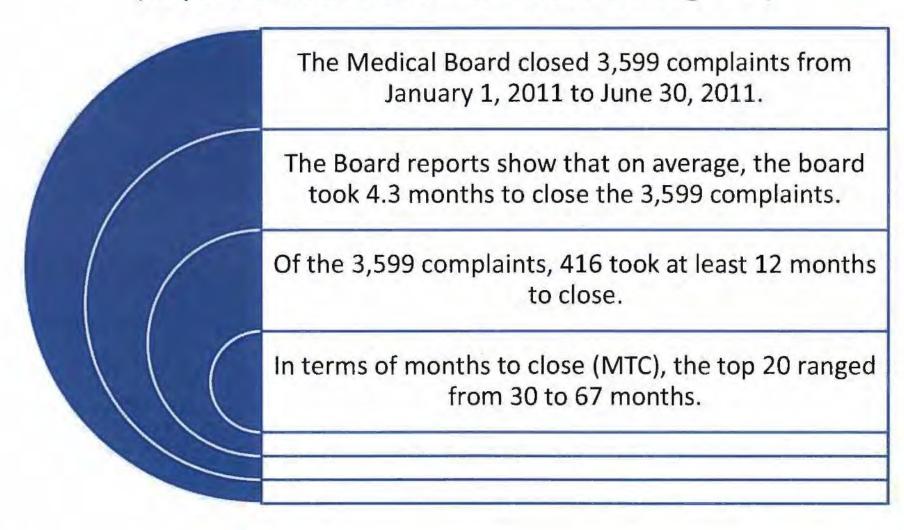
DCA Goals for High Risk Enforcement Programs:

Are the programs prioritizing and processing complaints in an efficient and effective manner?

Given existing resources, where can high risk enforcement programs improve their processes and procedures to better protect the public.

Medical Board Complaint Analysis:

(Elapsed time to conduct the entire investigation)



416 By Priority Code

(Elapsed time to conduct the entire investigation)

| Priority Code | Number of Cases | Average MTC: 24.5 | |
|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| U3 | 24 | | |
| Н | 91 | 19.3 | |
| U | 129 | 19.3 | |
| U1 | 134 | 18.9 | |
| R | 24 | 17.9 | |
| U4 | 14 | 16.3 | |
| | esent 63 percent of | | |

U1 – **Highest Priority** (Negligence alleging death or serious bodily injury to the patient.

U3 – Excessive prescribing or repeated acts of prescribing without a "good faith" exam.

U4 – Sexual misconduct with one or more patients during the course of treatment or exam.

U "Urgent" – Under-treatment of pain, allegations of physician mental or physical illness, diversion program dropouts, felony convictions and self-use of drugs/alcohol.

H "High" – Conviction of a crime other than a felony, prescribing without a "good faith" exam, investigations/complaints not involving patient injury, etc.

R "Routine" – False/misleading advertising, failure to release medical records, patient abandonment, fraud, etc.

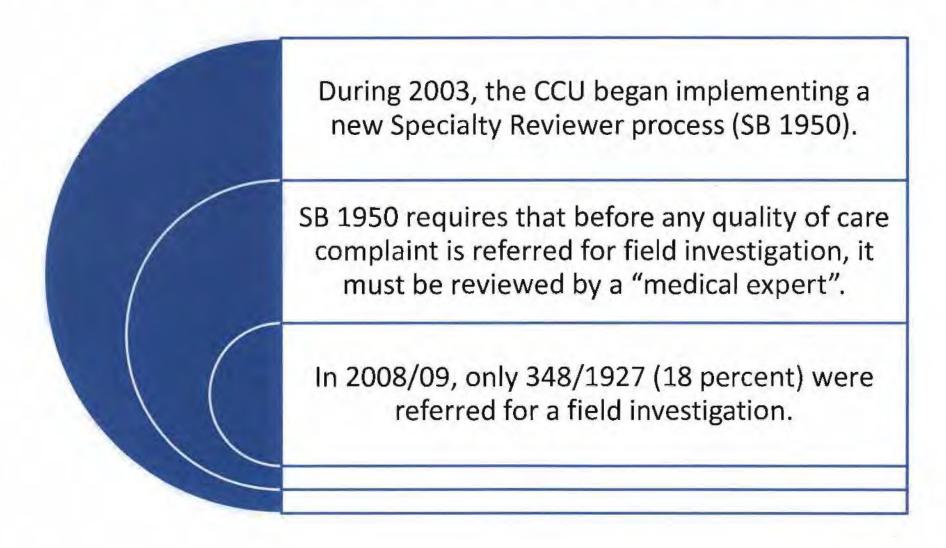
Overall Medical Board Complaint Processing Results

The CCU + Field investigation average of 4.3 months compares favorably to other DCA board/bureaus we have reviewed.

However, 416/3599 (12%) took a year or longer to process.

An audit scope would include steps and procedures to ascertain the cause for the delay and provide recommendations to reduce the delay.

CCU Specialty Reviewer Process



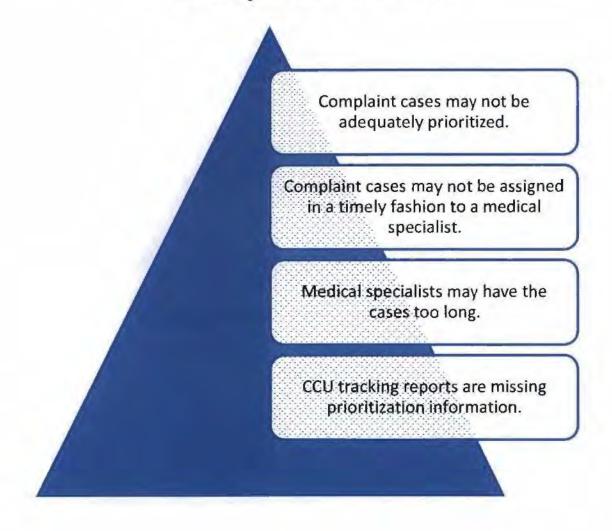
The CCU Bottleneck:

- The specialty review process requires a medical specialist to review a complaint prior to the CCU referring the case for investigation.
- During 2008/09, the CCU sent 1,927 cases to medical specialists for review.
- Of the 1,927, only 348 (18%) were referred to investigation or prosecution.
- Of the 348, 48 (14%) took longer than six months for the medical specialist review.
- Although the data used for the above analysis is a few years old, overall complaint statistics between fiscal years 2008-09 and 2010-11 compare favorably.

FY 2008/09 vs. FY 2010/11

| | Overall Average Days to Complete ALL Cases | | Average Days to Complete Complaint in CCU | | Average Days to Complete Case Review by MC | |
|-----------|--|----------|---|----------|--|----------|
| | FY 08/09 | FY 10/11 | FY 08/09 | FY 10/11 | FY 08/09 | FY 10/11 |
| July | 139 | 142 | 73 | 73 | 51 | 53 |
| August | 134 | 130 | 76 | 69 | 48 | 55 |
| September | 131 | 128 | 75 | 71 | 46 | 56 |
| October | 131 | 133 | 75 | 70 | 49 | 55 |
| November | 128 | 132 | 76 | 72 | 49 | 54 |
| December | 128 | 132 | 75 | 73 | 49 | 52 |
| January | 128 | 134 | 75 | 74 | 49 | 51 |
| February | 128 | 134 | 76 | 72 | 49 | 50 |
| March | 131 | 135 | 76 | 73 | 49 | 49 |
| April | 132 | 135 | 75 | 73 | 49 | 48 |
| May | 133 | 135 | 75 | 72 | 49 | 47 |
| June | 135 | 136 | 75 | 74 | 48 | 46 |
| Average | 132 | 134 | 75 | 72 | 49 | 51 |

The CCU Bottleneck: Areas of Risk/Concern



Complaint cases may not be adequately prioritized.

- While the CCU uses five high priority urgent codes (U1 U5), only one type (U1) of quality of care complaint is tagged as high priority while waiting for medical specialist review assignment. Only folders with the most urgent quality of care cases waiting for a medical specialist review receive a priority red tag. (U1 only)
- According to the CCU, other high priority/urgent complaint cases (U3 for example) may not be tagged. As a result, urgent cases may be waiting with non-urgent cases for medical specialist review assignment and not receive prioritized handling.
- Examples of urgent quality of care complaints that are not U1:
 - Excessive prescribing (U3)
 - Sexual misconduct (U4)
- The CCU may want to flag all urgent cases awaiting a medical specialist assignment to ensure all urgent complaints receive prioritized handling over non-urgent cases.

Complaint cases may not be assigned in a timely fashion to a medical specialist.

- According to CCU data from 2008/09 showing the average days to assign a case to a medical specialist, some take more than 60 days.
- In many of the cases where the specialty review process takes more than 60 days to complete, the majority of the time the case sits on the CCU shelf longer than the medical specialist takes to review it. (Newer data from the current fiscal year shows cases may be spending less time waiting on the CCU shelf.)
- With a better prioritization system, the CCU may be able to get higher priority cases out to medical specialists in less time.
- The CCU should also explore whether the number of medical specialists are sufficient and recruit if necessary.

Medical specialists may have the cases too long

- CCU data reveals the process takes between 14 –
 45 days.
- The CCU Overdue Cases report identifies cases that are 15 days overdue after a medical consultant had the case for the 30 days allowed by the reporting system. The CCU begins to track overdue cases after they have been with the consultant for at least 45 days. (30+15)
- The CCU may want to revise medical specialist contracts or follow-up more frequently to try and reduce the medical specialist delay.

CCU tracking reports are missing prioritization information.

- The CCU prints an overdue report to monitor all cases that are waiting a medical specialist assignment.
- The report lists all urgent/non-urgent cases in date order.
- The report does not show the urgency level of outstanding cases. As a result, non-urgent cases may be getting assigned ahead of more urgent cases.