Delegation of Services Agreements – Change in Regulations

Recently, Title 16, Division 13.8, Article 4, section 1399.540 has been amended to include several requirements for the delegation of medical services to a physician assistant. There are four specific changes with this amendment:

Background:

The Delegation of Services Agreement (DSA) is a document used by supervising physicians and physician assistants to meet requirements of Section 1399.540. The DSA is the foundation of the relationship between a supervising physician and the physician assistant, and specifies the names of the supervising physicians and what types of medical services the physician assistant is allowed to perform, how they are performed, how the patient charts will be reviewed and countersigned, and what type of medications the physician assistant will transmit on behalf of the supervising physician.

Regulatory Requirements:

- 1) A physician assistant may provide medical services, which are delegated in writing by a supervising physician who is responsible for patients, cared for by the physician assistant. The physician assistant may only provide services which he or she is competent to perform, which are consistent with their education, training and experience, and which are delegated by the supervising physician.
- 2) The delegation of services agreement is the name of the document, which delegates the medical services. More than one supervising physician may sign the delegation of services agreement only if each supervising physician has delegated the same medical services. A physician assistant may provide medical services pursuant to more than one delegation of services agreement.
- The Physician Assistant Committee or their representative may require proof or demonstration of competence from any physician assistant for any medical services performed.
- 4) If a physician assistant determines a task, procedure or diagnostic problem exceeds his or her level of competence, and then the physician assistant shall either consult with a physician or refer such cases to a physician.

Question: What if a physician assistant works for more than one supervising physician at a hospital or clinic? Do we need to have separate DSAs for each supervising physician?

Answer: The PAC has had questions regarding how the DSA would be written if a physician assistant works for more than one supervising physician at a hospital or clinic. If the duties and medical services performed are consistent with each supervising physician, then one DSA can be written to include several supervising physicians. Each supervising physician must sign and date the DSA, along with the signature of the physician assistant.

Question: What if a physician assistant works for one supervising physician who is an ob-gyn, and also works for an ortho supervising physician, and both are at the same clinic or hospital?

Answer: If the duties and medical services provided by the physician assistant differ from one supervising physician to another, then it is recommended that a separate DSA be written for each supervising physician. However, one DSA could be used, but it would need to be separated with which duties are allowed under each supervising physician. Again, signatures and dates from all parties must be included on the DSA.

Question: What if the physician assistant works at several different clinics – can one DSA be written?

Answer: A separate DSA should be made for each hospital or clinic, regardless of how many supervising physicians the physician assistant works with.

Alternatively, a physician assistant may have a DSA that specifies what services can be provided at a specific site.

Question: How long should I retain my DSA?

Answer: You should retain the DSA as long as it is valid. Additionally, it is recommended that you keep a copy of your DSA for at least one to three years after it is no longer the current DSA in case you need to reference the document. However, there is no legal requirement to retain the DSA once it is no longer valid and current.

DELEGATION OF SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN

A SUPERVISING PHYSICIAN AND A PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT

and

SUPERVISING PHYSICIAN'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR SUPERVISION OF A PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT

Title 16, Section 1399.540 of the Physician Assistant Regulations states, in part, "A physician assistant may only provide those medical services which he or she is competent to perform and which are consistent with the physician assistant's education, training, and experience, and which are delegated in writing by a supervising physician who is responsible for the patients cared for by that physician assistant. b) The writing which delegates the medical services shall be known as a delegation of services agreement. A delegation of services agreement shall be signed and dated by the physician assistant and each supervising physician. A delegation of services agreement may be signed by more than one supervising physician only if the same medical services have been delegated by each supervising physician. A physician assistant may provide medical services pursuant to more than one delegation of services agreement."

The following two sample documents are attached to assist you with meeting this legal requirement:

- Delegation of Services Agreement (DSA) Between Supervising Physician and Physician Assistant; and,
- Supervising Physician's Responsibility for Supervision of Physician Assistant Agreement.

These are sample documents. They are for your convenience, information, and use. Please feel free to duplicate or modify them as appropriate and consistent with law.

If you choose not to use the sample documents, please be aware that you are still required by law to execute a DSA with your supervising physician. The DSA must be signed and dated by you and your supervising physician. The original or a copy of this document should be maintained at all practice sites where the physician assistant practices, and should be readily accessible. It is recommended that you retain prior DSAs for one to three years after the DSA is no longer current or valid.

While every practicing physician assistant is required to have a DSA, you are **not** required to submit it to the Physician Assistant Committee. If requested, you must make a copy of your DSA available to any authorized agent of the Medical Board of California, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, or the Physician Assistant Committee who may request it.

Failure to have a current DSA constitutes a violation of the Physician Assistant Regulations and is grounds for disciplinary action against a physician assistant's license. In addition, failure by the physician assistant and supervising physician to comply with the supervision requirements specified in the Physician Assistant Regulations and in the Delegation of Services Agreement is ground for disciplinary action.

THE ATTACHED DOCUMENTS DO NOT NEED TO BE RETURNED TO THE PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT COMMITTEE

DELEGATION OF SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN SUPERVISING PHYSICIAN AND PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT (Title 16, CCR, Section 1399.540)

PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT	(Name)	
Physician assistant, graduated from the	(Name of PA Training Pro	gram)
physician assistant training program on _.	(Date)	·
on	examination for physician assistants	recognized by the State of California mination given by the State of California)
(Date)	Dhusialan Assistant Consider a	
He/she was first granted licensure by the expires on, u (Date)		(Date)
in accordance with the written superviso and Section 1399.545 of the Physician A	r guidelines required by Section 350 Assistant Regulations. The written s	after referred to as PA) will be supervised 02 of the Business and Professions Code supervisor guidelines are incorporated of for Supervision of Physician Assistants."
AUTHORIZED SERVICES . The PA is an perform all the tasks set forth in subsect Regulations, when acting under the supercocedures, etc. the PA and <i>supervising</i> protocols or which the supervising physi	ions (a), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of Sect ervision of the herein named physic physician may state as follows: "Th	ion 1399.541 of the Physician Assistant
The PA is authorized to perform the follo	owing laboratory and screening prod	edures:
The PA is authorized to assist in the per	formance of the following laboratory	and screening procedures:
The PA is authorized to perform the follo	owing therapeutic procedures:	
The PA is authorized to assist in the per	formance of the following therapeut	ic procedures:
The PA is authorized to function as my a	agent per bylaws and/or rules and re	egulations of (name of hospital):
a) The PA is authorized to write and sigr authorized Schedule(s). The PA has tak (attach certificate). DEA #: or		
b) The PA is authorized to write and sign (circle authorized Schedule(s).DEA		, V with advance patient specific approval

CONSULTATION REQUIREMENTS . The PA is required to always and immediately seek consultation on the following types of patients and situations (e.g., patient's failure to respond to therapy; physician assistant's uncertainty of diagnosis; patient's desire to see physician; any conditions which the physician assistant feels exceeds his/her ability to manage, etc.)		
(List Types of Patients and Situations)		
	CRIPTIONS. The PA may transmit by telephone to a pharmacist, ord or a written prescription drug order, the supervising physician's f the Business and Professions Code.	
The supervising physician authorizes the delegation and use of the drug order form under the established praction of the drug formulary. YESNO		
The PA may also enter a drug order on the medi	cal record of a patient at(Name of Institution)	
in accordance with the Physician Assistant Regu	(Name of Institution)	
	nall be authorized by the supervising physician's prescription and be ctions 4076 of the Business and Professions Code.	
	erformed for care of patients in this office or clinic located at and, in hospital(s) and (Address / City)	
(Address / City)	(Address / City) skilled nursing facility (facilities) for care of	
(Name of Facility) patients admitted to those institutions by physicia		
	(Name/s)) n a medical emergency, telephone the 911 operator to summon an	
The	emergency room at(Phone Number)	
is to be notified that a patient with an emergency	problem is being transported to them for immediate admission. ne ambulance crew where to take the patient and brief them on	
(or within minutes).	(Phone Number/s))	
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT DECLARATION My signature below signifies that I fully understan	nd the foregoing Delegation of Services Agreement, having received agree to comply with its terms without reservations.	
Date	Physician's Signature (Required)	
	Physician's Printed Name	
Date	Physician Assistant's Signature (Required)	
	Physician Assistant's Printed Name	

SAMPLE ONLY

SUPERVISING PHYSICIAN'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR SUPERVISION OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT

SUPERVISOR	, M.D./D.O. is
licensed to practice in California as a physicia Hereinafter, the above named physician shall	
will be supervised by the supervising physicia	issistant (PA) named in the attached Delegation of Services Agreement in in accordance with these guidelines, set forth as required by Section and Section 1399.545 of the Physician Assistant Regulations, which ature appears below.
· ·	date within seven (7) days the medical record of any patient cared for cian's prescription for Schedule II medications was transmitted or
patient and enters his or her name, signature, the physician assistant shall also enter the na	UPERVISION . Each time the physician assistant provides care for a initials, or computer code on a patient's record, chart or written order, me of his or her supervising physician who is responsible for the its an oral order, he or she shall also state the name of the supervising
	of the following mechanisms, as indicated below, by a check mark (x), to partially fulfill his/her obligation to adequately supervise the actions o
Examination of the patient by a super	(Name of PA) vising physician the same day as care is given by the PA.
•	w, audit, and countersign every medical record written by the PA within
	of the encounter.
which shall be adopted by the supervising phy	records of at least 5% of patients seen by the PA under any protocols ysician and the physician assistant. The physician shall select for em, treatment, or procedure represent, in his or her judgment, the most
Other mechanisms approved in adva- documentation of those mechanisms is locate	nce by the Physician Assistant Committee may be used. Written ed at (Give Location)
shall review, sign, and date the medical recordays if the physician was on the premises wh	assistants operating under interim approval, the supervising physician ds of all patients cared for by the physician assistant within seven (7) en the physician assistant diagnosed or treated the patient. If the e, he or she shall review, sign, and date such medical records within 48 rovided.
BACK UP PROCEDURES: In the event this sphysician(s) has (have) agreed to be a consu	supervising physician is not available when needed, the following ltant(s) and/or to receive referrals:
(5.44.11)	Phone:
(Printed Name and Sp	Phone:
(Printed Name and Sp	
	not meet the regulation requirement to serve as a protocol. Protocols, in the requirements authorized in Section 3502 (c) (1) of
Date	Physician's Signature
	congression of the series of t



Physician Assistant Committee

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PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT SCOPE OF PRACTICE

Due to the increasing complexity and proliferation of medical services available today, the Physician Assistant Committee (PAC) has received a number of inquiries regarding physician assistant (PA) scope of practice in the State of California. All PAs, physician supervisors, and interested others may consequently be advised of the following:

A physician assistant may only provide those medical services which:

- (1) he or she is competent to perform, as determined by the supervising physician,
- (2) are consistent with his/her education, training, and experience, and
- (3) are delegated in writing by the supervising physician responsible for the patients cared for by the PA.

In accordance with these criteria and other provisions set forth in the PA law and regulations, and not withstanding any other provision of law, a PA may work in any setting, and may provide any medical service with the exception of certain ophthalmological and dental procedures listed in law [Business and Professions Code, Section 3502(c)]. Please note that Section 3502.1 of the Business and Professions Code allows a PA to issue a written drug order based on the supervising physician's prescription order.

Specific examples of some of the medical services performable by a PA are listed in regulation (Title 16 California Code of Regulations Section 1399.541). However, should additional questions arise concerning PA scope of practice, the Physician Assistant Committee may be reached at (916) 561-8780 or pacommittee@mbc.ca.gov to address inquiries of this nature.

Note: This document does not purport to be an exhaustive analysis of laws relating to physician assistants. This is not a declaratory opinion of the Physician Assistant Committee.

Rev 03/08

SUPERVISION of PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS

Changes to the law have made it easier for a physician to work with a physician assistant (PA). Medical Board approval to supervise a PA is no longer necessary and some of the duties and responsibilities of supervising a PA have changed.

Supervisory Requirements

Listed below are some of the PA supervisory requirements:

- According to California law, all care provided to a patient by a physician assistant is the ultimate responsibility of the supervising physician.
- Current law allows a physician to supervise no more than four physician assistants (PAs) at any moment in time.
- According to regulations, the physician must be in the same facility with the PA or be immediately available by electronic communications.
- Before authorizing a PA to perform any medical procedure, the physician is responsible for evaluating the PA's education, experience, knowledge, and ability to perform the procedure safely and competently. In addition, the physician should verify that a PA has a current California license issued by the Physician Assistant Committee (PAC) (PAC website: www.pac.ca.gov)
- PAs may not own a medical practice. (Please see Section 13400 and following of the Corporations Code.)
- PAs may not hire their supervisors. PAs are dependent practitioners who act as agents on behalf of a supervising physician.

Physicians who plan to supervise PAs should carefully review Business and Professions Code section 3502 and 3502.1 and Section 1399.545 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations for a complete listing of supervision requirements available on the PAC website www.pac.ca.gov.

There are four methods for providing supervision of a physician assistant.

- 1. The physician sees the patients the same day that they are treated by the PA.
- The physician reviews, signs and dates the medical record of every patient treated by the physician assistant within thirty days of the treatment.
- 3. The physician adopts written protocols, which specifically guide the actions of the PA. The physician must select, review, countersign and date a sample, consisting of, at a minimum, 5 percent of the medical records of patients treated by the physician assistant functioning under the protocols within 30 days of the date of treatment by the physician assistant.
- 4. Or, in special circumstances, the physician provides supervision through additional methods approved in advance by the PAC.

To fulfill the required supervisor obligation, the physician must utilize one or a combination of the four authorized supervision methods.

G/PAC/FinalForms/SupervisionofPAs

04/18/08

Delegation of Services Agreement

For the mutual benefit and protection of patients, physicians and their PAs, the PA regulations require the physician to delegate in writing, for each supervised physician assistant, those medical services which the PA may provide. That document is often referred to as a Delegation of Services Agreement. A sample is available on the PAC website www.pac.ca.gov. Medical tasks, which are delegated by a supervising physician, may only be those that are usual and customary to the physician's practice.

Drug Orders

- Pharmacy Law (Business and Professions Code Section 4000 et seq.) authorizes licensed pharmacists to dispense drugs or devices based on a PA's "drug order". Current law also allow PAs to obtain their own DEA numbers for use when writing prescription drug orders for controlled substances.
- Current law permits physician assistants to write and sign prescription drug orders when authorized to do so by their supervising physicians for Schedule II-V medication.
- A PA may only administer, provide, or transmit a drug order for Schedule II through Schedule V controlled substances with the advance approval by a supervising physician for a specific patient unless a physician assistant completes an approved education course in controlled substances, and if delegated by the supervising physician. If a physician assistant chooses not to take the educational course, the requirements for patient-specific authority remain unchanged. The Committee has proposed regulations to implement this provision. The proposed regulations can be found at www.pac.ca.gov. Please check our website for updates to this information.
- In order to ensure that a PA's actions involving the prescribing, administration or dispensing of drugs is in strict accordance with the directions of the physician, every time a PA administers or dispenses a drug or transmits a Schedule Il drug order, the physician supervisor must sign and date the patient's medical record or drug chart within seven days

All physician assistants and supervising physicians should familiarize themselves with all physician assistant laws and regulations to ensure they are in compliance with the physician assistant laws and regulations.

For physicians who are interested in utilizing physician assistants and would like to know more about the benefits and requirements of using physician assistants, several publications are available from the PAC, including:
Physician Assistant Laws and Regulations
Sample Delegation of Services Agreement
Drug Orders by Physician Assistants (information bulletin)
What is a PA? (Patient information brochure -English & Spanish)

To request publications or to verify physician assistant licensing information, contact:

Physician Assistant Committee 2005 Evergreen Street, Suite 1100 Sacramento, CA 95815

Telephone: (916) 561-8780 FAX: (916) 263-2671

Website: www.pac.ca.gov Email: pacommittee@mbc.ca.gov

This article has highlighted many of the key responsibilities a physician assumes when approved to utilize physician assistants. It does not cover all the requirements of law. This is not a declaratory opinion of the Physician Assistant Committee or the Medical Board of California.